

CRA PUBLIC FILE

Heritage Bank operates banking offices in many Nebraska markets, and is proud of its heritage in each of the communities we serve. We encourage you to stop into our offices in Aurora, Broken Bow, Grand Island, Hastings, Kearney, Loup City, Neligh, Orleans, Red Cloud, St. Paul, Stromsburg and Wood River to learn more about our financial services.

ASSESSMENT AREA:

The map attached reflects Heritage Bank's assessment area defined for CRA purposes. The assessment area includes the following counties and census tracts:

COUNTY CENSUS TRACTS

Hall County	0001 through 0014
Hamilton County	9691, 9692, 9693
Adams County	9654 through 9662
Polk County	9600, 9601
Buffalo County	9689 through 9697
Antelope County	9796, 9797, 9798
Clay County	9921, 9922
Howard County	9705, 9706
Sherman County	9701
Valley County	9713, 9714
Custer County	9717, 9718, 9719, 9720
York County	9696, 9697, 9698, 9699
Phelps County	9670, 9671, 9672
Webster County	9650, 9651
Harlan County	9642
Franklin County	9646, 9647
Kearney County	9666, 9667
Madison County	9606 through 9613

HERITAGE BANK PRODUCTS AND SERVICES:

Heritage Bank offers a full array of financial services at all of nearly all of our banking offices in each of the communities we serve. In addition, Heritage Bank offers free Internet Banking, Mobile Banking and Telephone Banking services available 24 hours a day / 7 days a week. Complimentary bank-by-mail envelopes are available for your convenience.

♦ Consumer loans

♦ Home mortgage loans

♦ Small business loans

♦ Agricultural loans

♦ Credit cards

♦ Debit Cards

♦ Commercial Remote Deposit Capture

♦ Farm & Business Accounting

♦ Checking accounts

♦ Savings accounts

♦ Certificates of Deposit

♦ Individual Retirement Accounts

♦ Health Savings Account

♦ Email or CD-ROM Statements

◆ Safe deposit boxes

♦ Trust Services, Asset Management & Retirement Plans

♦ Telephone, Internet & Mobile Banking, including Bill Pay, Mobile Deposit Capture, Person-to-Person & Account-

to-Account E-transfers

For detailed information about our products and services, please visit www.bankonheritage.com or ask us for a Checking or Savings product brochure. A complete fee schedule relative to our depository accounts and ancillary services is attached.

LOAN-TO-DEPOSIT RATIOS:

Heritage Bank's loan-to-deposit ratios are disclosed below in accordance with CRA regulations.

1st Quarter 2023 30% 3rd Quarter 2023 39% 2nd Quarter 2023 33% 4th Quarter 2023 43%

LIST OF HERITAGE BANK OFFICES, ADDRESSES, GEOGRAPHIES, AND HOURS OF OPERATION:

Our banking office locations and normal banking hours are described below. However, our banking professionals are willing to assist customers outside of normal business hours if a need to do so arises. Any offices opened, acquired or closed during the past two years are identified with an asterisk (*).

Heritage Bank - Aurora 1101 12 th Street Aurora NE 68818 (402) 694-3136	The Aurora office is located in Hamilton County, Nebraska, census tract 9893. The Main Bank is open to the public 9-3 Monday-Friday. The drive-in across the street at 1110 L Street is open 7:45-5:00 Monday-Friday, 8:30-11 Saturday. The Aurora Mall Branch at 1320 16 th Street closed 8/26/11.
Heritage Bank – Doniphan* 605 6 th Street Doniphan NE 68832 (402) 845-4596	The Doniphan office was located in Hall County, Nebraska, census tract 0013. This facility was closed effective 10/25/19.
Heritage Bank - Grand Island 1333 N. Webb Road Grand Island NE 68803 (308) 398-4000	The Grand Island office is located in Hall County, Nebraska, census tract 0004. The lobby is open 9-3 Monday-Friday. The drive-in lanes are open 8-5:30 Monday-Friday and 9-12 Saturday.
Heritage Bank – Hastings Main: 800 W. 3 rd Street Hastings NE 68901 (402) 463-6611	The Hastings main office is located in Adams County, Nebraska, census tract 9657. The lobby is open 9-4:30 Monday-Friday. The drive-up is open 7:30-6 Monday-Friday, 7:30-12 Saturday. The Main walk-up is open 7:30-9 and 4:30-6 Monday-Friday, 7:30-12 Saturday. The Hastings branch was formerly known as City National Bank & Trust, and was merged into Heritage Bank in May 2003. The West branch closed on 2/1/14.

Heritage Bank – Kearney* 103 W. 25 th Street Kearney NE 68847 (308) 237-5990	The downtown Kearney office was located in Buffalo County, Nebraska, census tract 9695. This branch was opened in October 2002 and closed 10/12/20.
Heritage Bank – Kearney 315 W 60 th Street, Suite 100 Kearney NE 68845 (308) 698-5000	The north Kearney office is located in Buffalo County, Nebraska, census tract 9692.01. The lobby is open 9-3 Monday-Friday. The drive-in is open 8-5 Monday-Friday and 8:30-11 Saturday. This branch was opened in December 2004.
Heritage Bank - Neligh 305 Main Street Neligh NE 68756 (402) 887-4140	The Neligh office is located in Antelope County, Nebraska, census tract 9797. The lobby is open 9-3:30 Monday-Friday. The drive-up lane is open 8:30-4:30 Monday-Friday, 8:30-11 Saturday.
Heritage Bank - Stromsburg 200 East Third Street Stromsburg NE 68666 (402) 764-4341	The Stromsburg office is located in Polk County, Nebraska, census tract 9872. The lobby is open 9-3:30 Monday-Friday. The drive-up lane is open 8-5 Monday-Friday.
Heritage Bank - Wood River 110 E. 9th Street Wood River NE 68883 (308) 583-2262	The Wood River office is located in Hall County, Nebraska, census tract 0014. The lobby is open to the public 9-3 Monday-Friday. The Collins Point drive-in branch is open 3pm-5pm Monday-Friday and 8:30-11:00 am Saturday.
Heritage Bank Mobile Branch	Beginning in April 2004, Heritage Bank began operating a mobile branch bank in Hall, Adams, and Buffalo Counties in Nebraska during normal banking hours.
Heritage Bank – Loup City 734 'O' Street PO Box 543 Loup City NE 68853 (308) 745-1500	Heritage Bank assumed the deposits of the former Sherman County Bank in February 2009. The Loup City office is located in Sherman County, Nebraska, census tract 9701. The lobby is open to the public 9-4 Monday-Friday. The drive-in is open 8-5 pm Monday-Friday and 9-11:30 am Saturday.
Heritage Bank – St. Paul 821 2 nd Street / Hwy 281 PO Box 84 St. Paul NE 68873 (308) 754-5400	Heritage Bank assumed the deposits of the former Sherman County Bank in February 2009. The St. Paul office is located in Howard County, Nebraska, census tract 9706. The lobby is open to the public 9-4 Monday-Friday. The drive-in is open 8-5 Monday-Friday.

Heritage Bank – Broken Bow 2525 Heritage Drive Broken Bow, NE 68822 308-872-6688	Heritage Bank opened a Loan Production Office at 946 South D Street, Broken Bow on 4/12/10. State approval to operate as a full-service branch was received in June 2010. This location was closed 3/9/12 and the new office opened at 2525 Heritage Drive 3/12/12. The branch office is located in Custer County, census tract 9719. The lobby is now open Monday-Friday 8:30-4:30 and drive-up 8-5 Monday-Friday.
Heritage Bank – Red Cloud 126 W 4 th Avenue Red Cloud, NE 68970 402-746-2251	Heritage Bank acquired Peoples-Webster County Bank effective 12/1/13. This office is located in Webster County, census tract 9651. The lobby is open 9-3 Monday-Friday. The drive up is open 8-4 Monday-Friday.
Heritage Bank – Orleans 402 S Orleans Orleans NE 68966 308-473-3294	Heritage Bank acquired Peoples-Webster County Bank effective 12/1/13. This office is located in Harlan County, census tract 9642. The lobby is open 9-3 Monday-Friday. The drive up is open 8-4 Monday-Friday.
Heritage Bank – Norfolk* 2108 Taylor Ave., Suite 850 Norfolk NE 68701 402-860-7408	Heritage Bank opened a Loan Production Office in Norfolk NE on or about 7/24/23. It became a full service branch 10/23/23. The office is located in Madison County, census tract 9608.01. Lobby hours are 9-3:30 Monday-Friday.

FREE HERITAGE BANK ATM LOCATIONS:

In addition to our full-service banking facilities, we currently have many free ATM locations for our customers' use. Please see a current listing on our website at http://www.bankonheritage.com/atm-locations/ or ask for a current listing at any of our branch offices.

HMDA DATA:

Heritage Bank became subject to HMDA recordkeeping rules beginning with HMDA year 2014, was exempt 2020-22, and then subject again 2023 forward. We are happy to provide you with a printed copy of our HMDA Disclosure Statements upon request. Alternatively, you may access them via a link on our website at http://www.bankonheritage.com/hmda-disclosure-statements/.

PUBLIC COMMENTS:

Unless included with this packet, Heritage Bank has not received any public comments about its CRA performance in the current year or prior two calendar years.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

We take pride in our many years of local ownership and management of banks throughout Nebraska. We have a strong record of commitment to the communities we serve. If you have comments or questions in regard to the information

presented herein, please send them to Heritage Bank, Attention: Sara Arnett / CRA Officer, P.O. Box 487, Wood River, NE 68883. Thank you for your interest.

Consumer Checking Accounts



	1			Dramier Club Cheeking		
	Cash Back Banking	Advantage Club Checking	Heritage Checking	Premier Club Checking (For 50+ Customers)	Student Checking	
Monthly Service Charge	\$6.00 but earn a 25 cent credit back for each POS debit that posts in your statement cycle.	\$10.00	None, or \$6.00 if balance falls below \$1,000.00 minimum daily balance	None, or \$6.00 if balance falls below \$100.00 minimum daily balance	None	
Per Item Charges ¹	None	None	\$0.20 per item after 25 per month ¹	None	None	
Interest Bearing	No	Yes, tiered rates	Yes, tiered rates	Yes, tiered rates	No	
Internet, Telephone, and Mobile Banking	I Enjoy access to your accounts	ts 24/7 from your computer, tablet,	, or mobile phone with features li	ke E-Transfer ² , Mobile Deposit {	& Bill Pay.	
Debit Card ³	All accounts come with a FRF	EE Debit Card with no monthly fees	·S.			
Monthly Statements	Electronic Statements standard; paper statements available for an additional \$2.00 per month			'going green" with e-statements! I ments can be saved in a PDF form		
ATM Access ⁴	FREE at ANY ATM ⁴	FREE at all Heritage Bank ATMs or \$2.00 at any other ATM ⁴	Is or \$2.00 at any other ATMs or \$2.00 at any other A		FREE at all Heritage Bank ATMs or \$2.00 at any other ATM ⁴	
Personal Checks	Customer pays for checks Styles and prices vary	FREE Heritage Bank design checks with EVERY order	First order Heritage Bank design checks FREE	FREE Heritage Bank design checks with EVERY order	Customer pays for checks Styles and prices vary	
Special Features		FREE small safe deposit box. ⁵ NO FEES on money orders (up to 5 per month)		Available for depositors age 50 or older. NO FEES on money orders (up to 5 per month)	As long as you are a full-time student enrolled at a primary or secondary institution, there will be no monthly service charge or per item charges on this account. When you are no longer eligible, your account will be converted to another checking account.	

All consumer checking accounts require minimum opening deposit of \$100.00. Please refer to account disclosures and current Rate Sheet for additional information regarding all products.

¹Electronic transactions, Debit Card transactions, and ATM withdrawals do not count toward per item charges.

²E-Transfer fee of \$1.00 per transaction applies to A2A and P2P transactions you initiate.

³With application and approval

¹Transactions at non Heritage Bank ATMs may incur additional surcharges from the ATM owner. This charge will be assessed to your account as part of the ATM withdrawal amount.

⁵Based on availability

⁵Insurance products are not obligations or, guaranteed or insured by the bank, the FDIC or any other government agency. Investments are subject to risk, including possible loss of principal.

Savings & Investment Options



	Regular Savings	Kids Club Savings	Heritage Goal Savings	Money Market Savings	Certificates of Deposit
FDIC Insured ¹	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Minimum Balance to Open	\$50 for adults; \$10 for minors	\$5	None	\$1,000	\$1,000 for adults; \$500 for minors
Monthly Service Charge	None	None	None	Free, or \$10 if balance falls below \$1,000 daily minimum	None. Penalties will be imposed for early withdrawal
Interest	Yes, as long as \$50 balance is maintained	Yes, as long as \$50 balance is maintained	Yes, as long as \$50 balance is maintained	Yes, tiered rates	Yes, ask for our current rate sheet
Check Access	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Optional	Not Applicable
Transaction Costs ²	Three free withdrawals per month, \$1 per withdrawal after three ²	Three free withdrawals per month, \$1 per withdrawal after three ²	None	Six free withdrawals per month; \$5 per withdrawal after six ²	Not Applicable
ATM Access & Fees ³	Free at all Heritage Bank ATMs or \$2.00 at any other ATM	Not Available	Not Available	Free at all Heritage Bank ATMs or \$2.00 at any other ATM	Not Applicable
Statements and Images	Annual, and monthly if electronic banking activity has occurred	Annual	Annual	Monthly, with images returned	Not Applicable
Special Features		Available to depositors age 12 and under. Receive a punch for each deposit (limit 1 punch per day). Redeem filled cards for prizes.	Use this account to save for a goal such as Christmas, vacation, or major purchases. Receive a payout check once a year on either October 31st or May 31st.		Invest for however many months best fits your needs: 1, 3, 6, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48 or 60 months.

^{&#}x27;¹Within FDIC insurance limits. ¹²Electronic transactions, Debit Card transactions and ATM withdrawals do not count toward transaction costs. ³With application and approval. Some ATM networks may impose an additional surcharge unrelated to our accounts. This charge will be assessed to your account as a part of the ATM withdrawal amount. ⁴Brokerage, investment and insurance products are not obligations of, guaranteed or insured by the bank, the FDIC or any other government agency. Investments subject to risk, including possible loss of principal.



Internal Fee Schedule

\$1.00 per transaction next-day; ACH Transfer Fee

\$10 same day ACH service

ACH Payroll Processing / Commercial Accounts

\$.07 per item after 200

\$12.00 per file;

Cashier's Check Customers \$5.00 per check

Check Card or ATM Card

Replacement \$7.50 per card Check Cashing Customers FREE

> Noncustomers \$5.00 per check or \$10.00 per check if validation is

required

Check Collection \$15.00 per item

Checks & Deposit Tickets:

Personalized Varies by style – ask for pricing

Temporary \$2.00 for 5 encoded checks

Coin Counting & Wrapping Customers FREE

Service not available to

noncustomers

Dormant Account Fee \$3.00 per month (see TISA for

when this applies)

Early Account Closing \$10.00 if account is closed in

first 90 days

E-Statements

E-Mail Statements

CD-ROM Statements \$20 consumer per request

\$50 business per request

\$10.00 per international check Exchange Rate Fee

deposited

Fax Service \$2.50 per fax

Foreign ATM Charge \$2.00 per transaction

\$10.00 plus Correspondent Foreign Drafts & Currency

Bank's charge

Garnishment \$25.00 per occurrence

Internet Banking **FREE**

Internet Bill Pay FREE with ALL checking

Service accounts

Account-to-Account \$1.00 per outgoing transfer will be Web Transfers added to transaction by processor Person-to-Person \$1.00 per incoming or outgoing Web Transfers transfer will be added to transaction

by processor

Failed E-Transfer Fee \$25.00 if an Account-to-Account or

Person-to-Person transaction fails

IRA/HSA/MSA

Transfer or Termination \$25.00 per transfer out

Removal of Excess

Contribution \$25.00 per removal

Money Order Customer \$3.00 Night Deposit Service /

\$40.00 annual fee for night Commercial Accounts deposit service: First bag free

then \$15.00 per bag if needed. \$3.00 per replacement key

Notary Public

Customers FREE; Noncustomers \$5.00 if notary knows the person.

otherwise service not available

Overdraft / Returned Item Fee:

Overdraft If balance becomes negative

more than \$5.00, \$25.00 per

item; \$100/day cap

Continuous OD Charge Returned Item Fee

\$25.00 every 7 days overdrawn \$25.00 per item; \$100/day cap

Photocopy Service \$.25 per page

Research Service:

Account Reconcilement \$75.00 per hour

75.00 per hour + .15/copyAccount Research Copy of Standard Item

\$2.00 per item Copy of Bill Pay Item \$10.00 per item Copy of Statement \$2.00 per statement

Returned Deposit Item \$3.00 per item (Business

Accounts Only)

Safe Deposit Box:

Rental \$12 - \$75 per year depending on

box size – ask us for pricing at

this location

Automatic Payment

Discount

\$2.00 per year with automatic payment from your Heritage

Bank checking account

Late Payment Fee \$10.00 per month

Lost Key \$20.00

Drill Lock \$15.00 plus Locksmith's charge

Stop Payment Charge \$20.00 per item

Transfers FREE if made via our Telephone,

> Internet or Mobile Banking systems. We reserve the right to charge \$1.00 per transfer if a staff member makes the transfer for you when this

privilege is abused.

ISA Transaction Fee 2% of transaction amount if Visa

Check Card used outside the U.S.

Wire Transfer - Domestic:

Incoming, Customer \$5.00 per wire \$15.00 per wire Incoming, Noncustomer \$15.00 per wire Outgoing, Traditional Outgoing, Internet Initiated \$15.00 per wire Outgoing, Recurring \$15.00 per wire

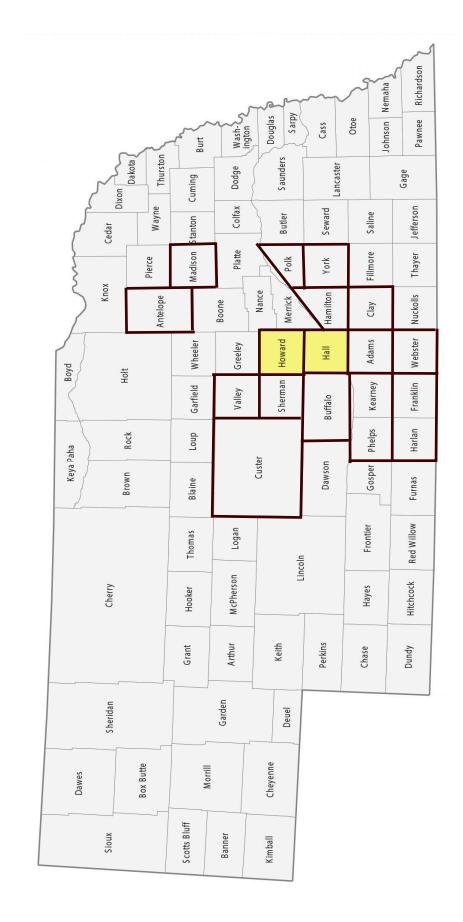
Wire Transfer – International:

Outgoing, Traditional \$35.00 if wired in U.S. funds

\$15.00 if wired in foreign funds

Heritage Bank CRA Assessment Area Map 7/13/23

Counties outlined are included in the bank's CRA Assessment Area. Counties highlighted yellow represent the Grand Island MSA.



PUBLIC DISCLOSURE

September 18, 2023

COMMUNITY REINVESTMENT ACT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Heritage Bank Certificate Number: 17145

110 E 9th Street Wood River, Nebraska 68883

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Division of Depositor and Consumer Protection Kansas City Regional Office

> 1100 Walnut Street, Suite 2100 Kansas City, Missouri 64106

This document is an evaluation of this institution's record of meeting the credit needs of its entire community, including low- and moderate-income neighborhoods, consistent with safe and sound operation of the institution. This evaluation is not, nor should it be construed as, an assessment of the financial condition of this institution. The rating assigned to this institution does not represent an analysis, conclusion, or opinion of the federal financial supervisory agency concerning the safety and soundness of this financial institution.

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INSTITUTION RATING

INSTITUTION'S CRA RATING: This institution is rated **Satisfactory**.

An institution in this group has a satisfactory record of helping to meet the credit needs of its assessment area, including low- and moderate-income neighborhoods, in a manner consistent with its resources and capabilities.

The Lending Test is rated **Satisfactory**.

- The loan-to-deposit ratio is less than reasonable given the bank's size, financial condition, and assessment areas' credit needs.
- A substantial majority of small farm, small business, and home mortgage loans were located within the assessment areas.
- The geographic distribution of loans reflects excellent dispersion throughout the assessment areas.
- The distribution of borrowers reflects reasonable penetration among farms and businesses of different sizes and individuals of different income levels.
- The institution did not receive any Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) complaints since the previous evaluation; therefore, this criterion did not affect the Lending Test rating.

The Community Development Test is rated Satisfactory.

• The institution demonstrates adequate responsiveness to the community development needs in its assessment areas through community development loans, qualified investments, and community development services, as appropriate. Examiners considered the institution's capacity and the need and availability of such opportunities for community development in the assessment areas.

DESCRIPTION OF INSTITUTION

Heritage Bank is headquartered in Wood River, Nebraska, and continues to be wholly owned by Heritage Group, Inc., a one-bank holding company located in Aurora, Nebraska. The bank received a CRA Rating of "Satisfactory" at the previous FDIC Performance Evaluation dated November 2, 2020, which followed Interagency Intermediate Small Bank Examination Procedures.

In addition to the main office, Heritage Bank operates 13 full service branch offices in Nebraska. The bank offers traditional loan products including construction and land development, commercial, agricultural, home mortgage, and consumer loans. The bank also originates and sells home mortgage loans to the secondary market and participates in various government-sponsored loan programs. The institution offers a full line of traditional deposit services such as checking, savings, and certificate of deposit accounts. Alternative banking services include internet banking, mobile banking, remote check deposit, and ATM service for its customers throughout the assessment areas.

The bank's June 30, 2023, Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income (Call Report) reflected total assets of \$601.7 million, total deposits of \$443.2 million, and total loans of \$147.6 million. The table below reflects the bank's loan portfolio composition.

\$(000s) 4,372 55,846 16,447	% 3.0 37.8 11.1
55,846	37.8
·	
16,447	11.1
	11.1
116	0.1
16,012	10.8
92,793	62.8
11,730	8.0
39,077	26.5
3,117	2.1
0	0.0
838	0.6
0	0.0
0	0.0
147,555	100.0
	16,012 92,793 11,730 39,077 3,117 0 838 0

Examiners did not identify any financial, legal, or other impediments that affect the bank's ability to meet its assessment areas' credit needs.

DESCRIPTION OF ASSESSMENT AREAS

The CRA requires each financial institution to define one or more assessment areas within which its performance will be evaluated. Heritage Bank designated two assessment areas located within Nebraska. The assessment areas are referred in this evaluation as the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area and the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area.

The bank added Madison County to the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area since the previous evaluation. There have been no other changes to the assessment areas since the previous evaluation. Refer to each assessment area section of this evaluation for further details.

SCOPE OF EVALUATION

General Information

This evaluation covers the period from the prior evaluation, dated November 2, 2020, to the current evaluation, dated September 18, 2023. Examiners used Interagency Intermediate Small Bank Examination Procedures to conduct the evaluation, which includes a Lending Test and a Community Development Test. Refer to the Appendices for a description of each test.

Examiners used full-scope examination procedures to evaluate Heritage Bank's performance in both assessment areas. The bank's performance in the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area received more weight than its performance in the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area because the majority of the bank's loans, deposits, and offices are located in the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area.

Activities Reviewed

Agricultural loans are the bank's primary business focus followed by commercial loans and home mortgage loans. Therefore, examiners selected small farm, small business, and home mortgage loans to evaluate the bank's performance. Other loan products, such as consumer loans, do not represent major product lines. Examiners did not review any other products, as they would not provide material support for conclusions or the rating.

Examiners selected the calendar year 2022 as the review period for small farm, small business, and home mortgage loans. D&B data for 2022 provided a standard of comparison for small farm and small business lending performance. The 2020 U.S. Census data provided a standard of comparison for home mortgage lending performance.

For the Assessment Area Concentration analysis, examiners reviewed all small farm, small business, and home mortgage loans originated and purchased during the review period. For the Geographic Distribution analysis, examiners reviewed only those small farm, small business, and home mortgage loans originated in one of the bank's assessment areas. For the Borrower Profile analysis, examiners reviewed all home mortgage loans and a sample of small farm and small business loans located inside each assessment area. See the following table for details on the loan universe and samples reviewed.

Loan Products Reviewed								
Loan Category		ment Area entration	Geographi	c Distribution	Borrower Profile			
	#	# \$(000s)		\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)		
Home Mortgage	43	6,462	40	5,690	40	5,690		
Small Farm	73	9,751	71	9,582	44	5,839		
Small Business	48	6,818	42	4,376	42	4,376		
Source: Bank Data			1 12	.,570	.2	1,370		

Small farm lending received more weight than small business and home mortgage lending when drawing conclusions under the Lending Test. This was due to agricultural loans being the bank's primary product and representing the majority of the bank's loan portfolio composition. Further, while examiners reviewed both the number and dollar volume of loans and both figures are presented throughout the evaluation, they emphasized performance by number of loans when conducting the Geographic Distribution and Borrower Profile analyses. This is because the number of loans is a better indicator of the number of farms, businesses, and individuals served.

For the Community Development Test, bank management provided examiners with data on community development loans, qualified investments, and community development services since the prior CRA evaluation dated November 2, 2020.

CONCLUSIONS ON PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

LENDING TEST

Heritage Bank demonstrated Satisfactory performance under the Lending Test. The bank's excellent Geographic Distribution and Assessment Area Concentration, as well as the reasonable Borrower Profile performance support this conclusion. While the Loan-to-Deposit performance is less than reasonable, this performance did not result in an adverse rating due to the bank's performance in the remaining criteria as well as the mitigating factors discussed below.

Loan-to-Deposit Ratio

Heritage Bank's loan-to-deposit ratio is less than reasonable given the institution's size, financial condition, and the assessment areas' credit needs. The bank's net loan-to-deposit ratio, calculated from Call Report data, averaged 35.2 percent over the past 11 quarters from December 31, 2020, to June 30, 2023. Examiners compared Heritage Bank's average net loan-to-deposit ratio to four other similarly-situated institutions. The institutions were selected based on their size, lending focus, and geographic location. As shown in the following table, Heritage Bank's average net loan-to-deposit ratio is below three of the four similarly-situated institutions. The loan-to-deposit ratio is low in general and is a significant decrease from the bank's performance at the previous evaluation, reflecting less than reasonable performance. At the previous evaluation, Heritage Bank had an average net loan-to-deposit ratio of 51.7 percent, reflecting a 16.5 percent drop between evaluations.

Loan-to-Deposit (LTD) Ratio Comparison									
Bank	Total Assets as of 6/30/2023 (\$000s)	Average Net LTD Ratio (%)							
Heritage Bank, Wood River, Nebraska	601,666	35.2							
Farmers and Merchants Bank, Milford, Nebraska	877,996	34.0							
Heartland Bank, Geneva, Nebraska	774,712	67.6							
Bruning Bank, Bruning, Nebraska	567,837	69.4							
Homestead Bank, Cozad, Nebraska	511,612	72.8							
Source: Reports of Condition and Income 12/31/2020 - 6/30/20	23								

The bank sold 56 secondary market loans totaling approximately \$5 million since the previous

evaluation that were not accounted for in the average net loan-to-deposit ratio. However, the bank's total loans decreased by approximately \$48 million from June 30, 2020, to June 30, 2023. In addition, a \$24 million decrease occurred between December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2022. Management attributes the decline in total loan volume to the loss of key customer relationships, large farmer retirements, and the loss of a well-established loan officer. In addition, a community contact for the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area noted that agricultural credit demand experienced a downward trend during the review period.

The bank continues to rely on personal calls by loan officers to potential borrowers and does not actively market in its assessment areas at this time. However, three less experienced loan officers have been hired since the previous evaluation in an attempt to increase overall loan volume.

The bank originated 473 loans totaling approximately \$10.5 million under the Small Business Administration's (SBA) Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) since the previous evaluation. These loans assisted small farms and small businesses struggling with the impact of the Coronavirus pandemic.

Assessment Area Concentration

A substantial majority of loans reviewed, by number and dollar volume, were located inside of the bank's assessment areas. The following table provides details.

	Lending Inside and Outside of the Assessment Areas										
		Number	of Loa	ns	T-4-1	Dol	lar Amo	unt of Loan	S	TD 4 1	
Loan Category	In	side	Ou	ıtside	Total	Insi	Inside Outside		de	Total	
	#	%	#	%	#	\$(000s)	%	\$(000s)	%	\$(000s)	
Small Farm	71	97.3	2	2.7	73	9,582	98.3	169	17	9,751	
Small Business	42	87.5	6	12.5	48	4,376	64.2	2,442	35.8	6,818	
Home Mortgage	40	93.0	3	7.0	43	5,690	88.1	772	11.9	6,462	
Total	153	93.3	11	6.7	164	19,648	85.3	3,383	14.7	23,031	
Source: Rank Data				•	•	•	•	•			

Geographic Distribution

Due to rounding, totals may not equal 100.0%

The geographic distribution of loans reflects excellent dispersion throughout the assessment areas. Examiners focused on the percentage of loans in the assessment areas' low- and moderate-income census tracts, as applicable. Excellent performance in the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area, which received more weight in arriving at overall conclusions, supports this conclusion. Reasonable performance was noted in the less heavily weighted Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area. Detailed discussion of the bank's performance is included in the individual assessment area sections of this evaluation.

Borrower Profile

The distribution of borrowers reflects reasonable penetration among businesses and farms of different sizes and individuals of different income levels. The bank had reasonable performance in this criterion in both assessment areas.

Examiners focused on the percentage of small business and small farm loans to businesses and farms with gross annual revenues of \$1 million or less, and the percentage of home mortgage loans to low- and moderate-income borrowers. Detailed discussion of the bank's performance is included in the individual assessment area sections of this evaluation.

Response to Complaints

The institution has not received any complaints regarding its CRA performance since the previous evaluation. As a result, this criterion did not affect the Lending Test rating.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT TEST

Heritage Bank demonstrated adequate responsiveness to the community development needs of its assessment areas through community development loans, qualified investments, and community development services. Examiners considered the bank's capacity and the need and availability of such activities. Since the bank was responsive to the community development needs of its assessment areas, community development activities benefitting broader statewide and regional areas were also included in the analysis.

Community Development Loans

Heritage Bank originated 524 community development loans, totaling approximately \$19.3 million, during the evaluation period. This activity includes 473 SBA PPP loans totaling approximately \$10.5 million. These loans helped to promote economic development by financing small businesses as they struggled with the impact of the Coronavirus pandemic. In addition, the above figures include PPP loans extended outside the assessment areas, but in a broader statewide or regional area. The loans are included in the analysis since they meet the purpose of community development and the bank has appropriately addressed the community development needs within its assessment areas.

The volume of community development loans represented 3.21 percent of Heritage Bank's total assets and 13.26 percent of net loans as of June 30, 2023. Examiners compared the bank's level of community development lending to four comparable institutions. Heritage Bank's community development lending performance is comparable to the four comparable institutions' performance, which ranged from 2.2 percent to 7.8 percent of total assets and from 6.8 percent to 11.8 percent of net loans. Each of the comparable institutions and Heritage Bank had similar levels of PPP loans that were considered for their respective CRA evaluations.

Heritage Bank originated 27 community development loans benefitting the broader statewide or regional area outside of the bank's assessment areas, which included 25 PPP loans for approximately \$422,000.

The following tables illustrate the community development loans by purpose, year, and area.

		C	omn	nunity Deve	elopme	nt Lending	by Y	ear		
Activity Year	Affordable Housing		Community Services		Economic Development		Revitalize or Stabilize		Totals	
v	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)
2020 (Partial)	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	117	2	117
2021	4	2,015	1	320	483	11,360	7	861	495	14,556
2022	5	226	2	75	7	3,023	6	687	20	4,011
YTD 2023	-	-	-	-	3	255	4	360	7	615
Total	9	2,241	3	395	493	14,638	19	2,025	524	19,299
Source: Bank Data	•	•		•	•	•	•		•	

Community Development Lending by Assessment Area										
Assessment Area		Affordable Community Housing Services		Economic Development		Revitalize or Stabilize		Totals		
	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)
Nonmetropolitan Nebraska	1	25	2	75	358	11,840	16	1,785	377	13,725
Grand Island Metropolitan	7	2,181	1	320	110	2,376	2	96	120	4,973
Regional Area	1	35	-	-	25	422	1	144	27	601
Total	9	2,241	3	395	493	14,638	19	2,025	524	19,299
Source: Bank Data			•	•		•				•

Qualified Investments

Heritage Bank made 175 qualified investments and donations totaling approximately \$731,000. The dollar amount of qualified investments represented 0.12 percent of total assets and 0.23 percent of total securities as of June 30, 2023. Examiners compared the bank's level of qualified investments to four comparable banks. The comparable banks' qualified investments ranged from 0.14 percent to 1.54 percent of total assets and from 0.61 percent to 5.42 percent of total securities. The bank's level of performance is below that of the comparable banks; however, the bank has increased the number and dollar amount of qualified investments since the previous evaluation.

The bank made six qualified investments and donations totaling approximately \$501,000 benefitting the broader statewide or regional area outside the bank's assessment areas.

The following tables illustrates the bank's qualified investments by purpose, year, and area.

			Qua	alified Inves	stments	by Year				
Activity Year	Affordable Housing		·			Economic Development		Revitalize or Stabilize		otals
v	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)
Prior Period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2020 (Partial)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2021	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	100	1	100
2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	500	1	500
YTD 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	600	2	600
Qualified Grants & Donations	2	15	101	88	39	19	31	9	173	131
Total	2	15	101	88	39	19	33	609	175	731

_	(Qualified	Investm	ents by A	Assessme	nt Area					
Assessment Area	Affordable Housing			Community Services		Economic Development		Revitalize or Stabilize		Total	
	#	\$	#	\$	#	\$	#	\$	#	\$	
Nonmetropolitan Nebraska	2	15	75	79	30	13	32	109	139	216	
Grand Island Metropolitan	-	-	24	8	6	6	-	-	30	14	
Regional Area	-	-	2	1	3	0	1	500	6	501	
Total	2	15	101	88	39	19	33	609	175	731	

Community Development Services

Heritage Bank personnel provided 74 instances of financial expertise or technical assistance to community development organizations during the evaluation period. Examiners compared the bank's performance to four comparable institutions. Heritage Bank's performance exceeded the comparable banks' performances by being the second highest in count of services completed, which had a range of 37 to 87 community development services. The bank had several qualified community development services number of hours committed and the services meeting the community development needs of the bank's assessment areas.

The following table illustrates the bank's community development services by purpose, year, and area.

	Communi	ty Development S	Services by Year		
Activity Year	Affordable Housing	Community Services	Economic Development	Revitalize or Stabilize	Totals
•	#	#	#	#	#
2020 (Partial)	-	3	-	1	4
2021	3	17	5	-	25
2022	1	16	2	-	19
2023 (YTD)	2	19	5	-	26
Total	6	55	12	1	74
Source: Bank Data		•	•		

Assessment Area	Affordable Housing	Community Services	Economic Development	Revitalize or Stabilize	Totals	
	#	#	#	#	#	
Nonmetropolitan Nebraska	-	24	6	-	30	
Grand Island Metropolitan	6	30	6	1	43	
Regional Area	-	1	-	-	1	
Total	6	55	12	1	74	

Below are notable examples of the bank's community development services.

- Bank personnel worked on an application for an affordable housing grant.
- A bank employee serves as a member of an economic development organization that operates in an underserved census tract.

DISCRIMINATORY OR OTHER ILLEGAL CREDIT PRACTICES REVIEW

Examiners did not identify any evidence of discriminatory or other illegal credit practices; therefore, this consideration did not affect the institution's overall CRA rating.

NONMETROPOLITAN NEBRASKA ASSESSMENT AREA – Full-Scope Review

DESCRIPTION OF INSTITUTION'S OPERATIONS IN THE NONMETROPOLITAN NEBRASKA ASSESSMENT AREA

The Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area consists of Hamilton, Adams, Polk, Buffalo, Antelope, Clay, Sherman, Valley, Custer, York, Phelps, Webster, Harlan, Franklin, Kearney, and Madison counties in Nebraska. Heritage Bank operates eleven full-service offices in this assessment area. Of the counties within the assessment area, eight were designated distressed and/or underserved areas throughout portions of the evaluation period.

Economic and Demographic Data

The following table provides select demographic data for the assessment area.

Demograp	hic Inform	ation of t	he Assessment	t Area		
Demographic Characteristics	#	Low % of #	Moderate % of #	Middle % of #	Upper % of #	NA* % of #
Geographies (Census Tracts)	60	3.3	11.7	68.3	16.7	0.0
Population by Geography	200,617	3.6	9.4	62.7	24.3	0.0
Housing Units by Geography	92,665	3.2	10.0	64.8	22.0	0.0
Owner-Occupied Units by Geography	57,919	1.7	8.0	66.1	24.2	0.0
Occupied Rental Units by Geography	23,769	7.2	14.1	57.9	20.8	0.0
Vacant Units by Geography	10,977	2.7	11.4	72.6	13.3	0.0
Businesses by Geography	20,321	1.7	9.5	67.1	21.7	0.0
Farms by Geography	3,972	0.4	4.3	84.7	10.7	0.0
Family Distribution by Income Level	52,016	17.4	17.5	22.9	42.2	0.0
Household Distribution by Income Level	81,688	22.5	16.1	18.6	42.8	0.0
Median Family Income Non-MSAs - NE		\$71,424	Median Hous	ing Value		\$141,876
			Median Gross	s Rent		\$711
			Families Belo	w Poverty L	evel	7.0%

Source: 2020 U.S. Census and 2022 D&B Data Due to rounding, totals may not equal 100.0%

(*) The NA category consists of geographies that have not been assigned an income classification.

According to the 2020 U.S. Census and 2022 D&B data, the assessment area has experienced growth since the previous evaluation with a total population increase of 35,965 residents and housing increase of 17,328 units. Kearney and Hastings continue to be the largest communities in the assessment area, with estimated populations of 33,790 and 25,152 based on the 2020 U.S. Census. Additionally, the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area was expanded since the previous evaluation and now includes the community of Norfolk, which has a population of 24,955 based on the 2020 U.S. Census. Additionally, the number of farms and businesses operating in the assessment area increased by 942 farms and 7,202 businesses, respectively.

The assessment area contains a mixture of rural and urban areas. The three largest business segments are services, agricultural, and retail trade, which represents 29.7, 16.4, and 10 percent of the businesses in the assessment area.

Examiners used information from the FFIEC to analyze home mortgage loans under the Borrower Profile analysis. The following table reflects the FFIEC-estimated 2022 median family income for the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area.

	Median Family Income Ranges								
Median Family IncomesLow <50%									
2022 (\$80,900)	<\$40,450	\$40,450 to <\$64,720	\$64,720 to <\$97,080	≥\$97,080					
Source: FFIEC									

Competition

The Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area has a high level of banking competition. Per the June 30, 2022 FDIC Summary of Deposits, there are 59 financial institutions operating 153 offices within the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area. Heritage Bank ranks seventh with a deposit market share of 3.66 percent. Agricultural financing competition also comes from non-bank entities with options for operating, machinery, and land loans.

Community Contact

As part of the evaluation process, examiners contact third parties active in the assessment area to assist in identifying the area's credit needs. This information helps determine whether local financial institutions are responsive to those needs. It also shows what credit and community development opportunities are available.

Examiners contacted a representative of an agricultural services organization within the assessment area. The representative stated that the agricultural economy was overall stable; however, the representative noted a downward trend of credit demand for agricultural loans with some farms having financial problems from 2022 onwards. The representative expects that loan demand will be in an upward trajectory in 2024. The representative stated that they have not heard of any negative experience customers have had with Heritage Bank or other institutions in the assessment area.

Credit and Community Development Needs and Opportunities

Considering information from bank management, demographic and economic data, and the community contact, examiners determined that agricultural, business, and home mortgage loans are all primary credit needs in the assessment area. The assessment area also has community development needs and opportunities for affordable housing, economic development, and revitalization and stabilization.

CONCLUSIONS ON PERFORMANCE CRITERIA IN THE NONMETROPOLITAN NEBRASKA ASSESSMENT AREA

LENDING TEST

Heritage Bank demonstrated reasonable performance under the Lending Test in the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area. Excellent performance under the Geographic Distribution test and reasonable performance under the Borrower Profile criteria support this conclusion.

Geographic Distribution

The geographic distribution of loans in the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area is excellent. Excellent small farm and home mortgage lending performance and reasonable small business lending performance support this conclusion.

Small Farm Loans

The geographic distribution of small farm loans reflects excellent dispersion throughout the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area. The bank's lending to farms in low- and moderate-income census tracts significantly exceeded the percentage of farms located in these census tracts. The following table provides details.

Geographic Distribution of Small Farm Loans								
Tract Income Level	% of Farms	#	%	\$(000s)	%			
Low	0.4	1	1.8	20	0.3			
Moderate	4.3	8	14.3	1,024	13.7			
Middle	84.7	39	69.6	4,470	59.9			
Upper	10.7	8	14.3	1,955	26.2			
Totals	100.0	56	100.0	7,469	100.0			
Totals Source: 2022 D&B Data; Bank D				7,469	100.0			

Small Business Loans

The geographic distribution of small business loans reflects reasonable dispersion throughout the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area. The bank's lending to businesses located in moderate-income census tracts exceeds the percentage of businesses located within these census tracts. The bank did not originate any business loans in low-income census tracts; however, the bank had excellent dispersion in moderate-income census tracts and the percentage of businesses in low-income census tracts is very low.

Geographic Distribution of Small Business Loans								
Tract Income Level	% of Businesses	#	%	\$(000s)	%			
Low	1.7	0	0.0	0	0.0			
Moderate	9.5	5	16.7	388	11.7			
Middle	67.1	17	56.7	1,865	56.2			
Upper	21.7	8	26.7	1,064	32.1			
Totals	100.0	30	100.0	3,317	100.0			
Source: 2022 D&B Data; Ba	nk Data. Due to rounding, t	otals may not equal	100.0%					

Home Mortgage Loans

The geographic distribution of home mortgage loans reflects excellent dispersion throughout the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area. The bank's lending in low- and moderate-income census tracts significantly exceeded the percentage of owner-occupied housing units located in these census tracts. The following table provides details.

Tract Income Level	% of Owner- Occupied Housing Units	#	%	\$(000s)	%
Low	1.7	1	3.6	96	2.3
Moderate	8.0	6	21.4	363	8.6
Middle	66.1	13	46.4	2,507	59.5
Upper	24.2	8	28.6	1,247	29.6
Total	100.0	28	100.0	4,213	100.0

Borrower Profile

The distribution of borrowers reflects reasonable penetration among farms and businesses of different sizes and individuals of different income levels. Excellent small business lending performance and reasonable small farm and home mortgage lending performance supports this conclusion.

Small Farm Loans

The distribution of borrowers reflects reasonable penetration among farms of different sizes. The bank's lending activity to farms with gross annual revenues of \$1 million or less is reasonably comparable to the percentage of farms reporting revenue in this category. The following table provides details.

Distribution of Small Farm Loans by Gross Annual Revenue Category								
Gross Revenue Level	% of Farms	#	%	\$(000s)	%			
<=\$1,000,000	97.8	28	93.3	3,566	93.9			
>\$1,000,000	1.5	2	6.7	230	6.1			
Revenue Not Available	0.7	0	0.0	0	0.0			
Total	100.0	30	100.0	3,796	100.0			
Source: 2022 D&B Data, Bank D	ata. Due to rounding, to	otals may not equal	100.0%	•				

Small Business Loans

The distribution of borrowers reflects excellent penetration among businesses of different sizes. The bank's lending distribution is significantly above the percentages of businesses with gross annual revenues of \$1 million or less. The following table provides details.

Distribution of Small Business Loans by Gross Annual Revenue Category							
Gross Revenue Level	% of Businesses	#	%	\$(000s)	%		
<=\$1,000,000	82.1	28	93.3	2,453	74.0		
>\$1,000,000	4.7	2	6.7	864	26.0		
Revenue Not Available	13.2	0	0.0	0	0.0		
Total	100.0	30	100.0	3,317	100.0		
Source: 2022 D&B Data, Bank Da	ta. Due to rounding, totals	may not equal 100	.0%	•			

Home Mortgage Loans

The distribution of home mortgage loans reflects reasonable penetration among individuals of different income levels, including low- and moderate-income borrowers. The bank's lending to low- and moderate-income borrowers is below demographics. However, the bank's performance is reasonable when considering the poverty level for the assessment area, the price of homes within the assessment, and the interest rate environment. These factors all contribute to low- and moderate-income borrowers having a more difficult time qualifying for a home loan or even finding a home in their price range. The following table provides details.

Distribution of Home Mortgage Loans by Borrower Income Level								
Borrower Income Level	% of Families	#	0/0	\$(000s)	%			
Low	17.4	2	7.1	75	1.8			
Moderate	17.5	4	14.3	150	3.6			
Middle	22.9	7	25.0	933	22.1			
Upper	42.2	11	39.3	2,856	67.8			
Not Available	0.0	4	14.3	199	4.7			
Total	100.0	28	100.0	4,213	100.0			
Source: 2020 U.S.Census; Bank D.	Data; Due to rounding, to	tals may not eq	ual 100.0%					

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT TEST

Heritage Bank's demonstrated adequate responsiveness to the community development needs in the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area. The quantity and responsiveness of community development loans, qualified investments, and services supports this conclusion.

Community Development Loans

The bank originated 377 community development loans totaling approximately 13.7 million in the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area. The loans were particularly responsive to the assessment area's economic development needs. The community development activities included 341 PPP loans totaling approximately \$8.2 million. The PPP loans helped farms and businesses impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

		C	ommui	nity Develo	pment l	Lending				
Activity Year		ordable ousing	Community Services		Economic Development		Revitalize or Stabilize		Totals	
,	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)
2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	117	2	117
2021	-	-	-	-	348	8,562	6	800	354	9,362
2022	1	25	2	75	7	3,023	4	508	14	3,631
YTD 2023	-	-	-	-	3	255	4	360	7	615
Total	1	25	2	75	358	11,840	16	1,785	377	13,725
Source: Bank Data										

Below are notable examples of the bank's community development loans in the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area.

- The bank made a \$2.5 million loan to revitalize and stabilize a small rural town by funding the renovation of a downtown building within an underserved county.
- The bank made a \$225,000 loan to fund the creation of a small business that created two jobs for low- to moderate-income individuals.

Qualified Investments

Heritage Bank made 139 qualified investments and donations totaling \$216,000 in the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska assessment area. This included one qualified investment totaling \$100,000 to assist with revitalization and stabilization totaling. The remaining investments consisted of donations and grants that provided assistance for affordable housing, community services, economic development, and revitalization and stabilization. The following table provides a breakdown of the qualified investments and donations by purpose within the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area.

	Qualified Investments										
		Affordable Housing		Community Services		Economic Development		Revitalize or Stabilize		Totals	
	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	
Qualified Investments	-	-	_	-	-	-	1	100	1	100	
Qualified Grants & Donations	2	15	75	79	30	13	31	109	138	116	
Total	2	15	75	79	30	13	32	109	139	216	
Source: Bank Data											

Below are notable examples of the bank's qualified investments in the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area.

• The bank purchased one county bond to improve the electrical infrastructure of a distressed and underserved area.

Community Development Services

Heritage Bank personnel provided 30 instances of financial expertise or technical assistance to community development organizations in the Nonmetropolitan Nebraska Assessment Area. The community development services were responsive to the assessment area's community service and economic development needs. The following table illustrates the bank's community development services by year and purpose.

Community Development Services							
Activity Year	Affordable Housing	Community Services	Economic Development	Revitalize or Stabilize	Totals		
·	#	#	#	#	#		
2020 (Partial)	-	2	-	-	2		
2021	-	7	2	-	9		
2022	-	8	2	-	10		
YTD 2023	-	7	2	-	9		
Total	-	24	6	-	30		
Source: Bank Data	•	•	•				

GRAND ISLAND METROPOLITAN ASSESSMENT AREA – Full-Scope Review

DESCRIPTION OF INSTITUTION'S OPERATIONS IN THE GRAND ISLAND METROPOLITAN ASSESSMENT AREA

The Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area consists of Hall and Howard counties in Nebraska. The assessment area is located in the Grand Island, Nebraska Metropolitan Statistical Area. The bank operates three full-service offices in this assessment area.

Economic and Demographic Data

The following table provides select demographic data for the assessment area.

Demograph	ic Informa	tion of the	Assessment	Area		
Demographic Characteristics	#	Low % of #	Moderate % of #	Middle % of #	Upper % of #	NA* % of #
Geographies (Census Tracts)	16	0.0	18.8	62.5	18.8	0.0
Population by Geography	69,370	0.0	21.7	59.3	19.1	0.0
Housing Units by Geography	28,131	0.0	21.4	59.9	18.7	0.0
Owner-Occupied Units by Geography	16,592	0.0	17.0	62.6	20.4	0.0
Occupied Rental Units by Geography	9,636	0.0	29.8	53.1	17.2	0.0
Vacant Units by Geography	1,903	0.0	17.0	71.2	11.8	0.0
Businesses by Geography	5,578	0.0	18.7	58.7	22.6	0.0
Farms by Geography	580	0.0	6.0	82.9	11.0	0.0
Family Distribution by Income Level	17,857	18.7	19.5	23.2	38.6	0.0
Household Distribution by Income Level	26,228	21.7	17.7	19.5	41.0	0.0
Median Family Income Grand Island MSA		\$70,828	Median Hot	using Value		\$157,058
		•	Median Gro	ss Rent		\$746
			Families Be	low Poverty	Level	8.1%

Source: 2020 U.S. Census and 2022 D&B Data Due to rounding, totals may not equal 100.0%

(*) The NA category consists of geographies that have not been assigned an income classification.

According to the 2020 U.S. Census and 2022 D&B data, the assessment area has experienced slight growth since the previous evaluation with a total population increase of 2,231 residents and housing increase of 1,155 units. Grand Island continues to be the largest community in the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area with estimated populations of 53,131 based on the 2020 U.S. Census. Additionally, the number of farms and businesses operating in the assessment area increased by 125 farms and 1,086 businesses, respectively.

The assessment area contains a mixture of rural and urban areas. The three largest business segments are services, retail trade, and agricultural, which represent 32.5, 13.1, and 9.4 percent of businesses in the assessment area.

Examiners used information from the FFIEC to analyze home mortgage loans under the Borrower Profile analysis. The following table reflects the FFIEC-estimated 2022 median family income for the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area.

Median Family Income Ranges									
Median Family Incomes Low <50%									
2022 (\$72,200)	<\$36,100	\$36,100 to <\$57,760	\$57,760 to <\$86,640	≥\$86,640					
Source: FFIEC	Source: FFIEC								

Competition

The Grand Island MSA Assessment Area has a high level of banking competition. According to the June 30, 2022 FDIC Summary of Deposits, there are 21 financial institutions operating 36 offices within the assessment area. Heritage Bank ranks ninth with a deposit market share of 3.1 percent. Agricultural financing competition also comes from non-bank entities with options for operating, machinery, and land loans.

Credit and Community Development Needs and Opportunities

Considering information from bank management, demographic and economic data, and the community contact, examiners determined that agricultural, business, and home mortgage loans are all primary credit needs in the assessment area. The assessment area also has community development needs and opportunities for affordable housing, economic development, and revitalization and stabilization.

CONCLUSIONS ON PERFORMANCE CRITERIA IN THE GRAND ISLAND METROPOLITAN ASSESSMENT AREA

LENDING TEST

Heritage Bank's lending activities in the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area reflect reasonable performance under the Lending Test. The bank's Geographic Distribution and Borrower Profile performance supports this conclusion.

Geographic Distribution

The geographic distribution of loans in the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area is reasonable. Reasonable small farm and small business lending performance supports this conclusion. While home mortgage performance was less than reasonable, this product received the least amount of weight when drawing conclusions. There are no low-income census tracts located within the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area.

Small Farm Loans

The geographic distribution of small farm loans reflects reasonable dispersion throughout the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area. The bank lacked lending in the moderate-income census tracts. However, only 3 of the 16 census tracts within the assessment area are moderate income, all of which are located within or near the city of Grand Island and present limited farming opportunities. In addition, there is significant banking competition that offer similar loans to Heritage Bank.

Geographic Distribution of Small Farm Loans									
Tract Income Level % of Farms # % \$(000s) %									
Moderate	6.0	0	0.0	0	0.0				
Middle	82.9	15	100.0	2,113	0.0				
Upper	11.0	0	0.0	0	0.0				
Totals	100.0	15	100.0	2,113	0.0				
Source: 2022 D&B Data; Bank Data	. Due to rounding, tota	ls may not equal 100.	.0%						

Small Business Loans

The geographic distribution of small business loans reflects reasonable dispersion throughout the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area. The bank's lending in the moderate-income census tracts reasonably compares to the percentage of businesses located in these tracts. The following table provides details.

Geographic Distribution of Small Business Loans							
Tract Income Level	% of Businesses	#	%	\$(000s)	%		
Moderate	18.7	1	8.3	25	2.4		
Middle	58.7	11	91.7	1,034	97.6		
Upper	22.6	0	0.0	0	0.0		
Totals	100.0	12	100.0	1,059	100.0		
Source: 2022 D&B Data; Bank I	Data. Due to rounding, total	ls may not equal .	100.0%	•			

Home Mortgage Loans

The geographic distribution of home mortgage loans reflects less than reasonable dispersion throughout the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area. The bank lacked lending in the moderate-income census tracts. However, this product type carries the least weight when drawing conclusions.

Geographic Distribution of Home Mortgage Loans							
Tract Income Level	% of Owner- Occupied Housing Units	#	0/0	\$(000s)	%		
Moderate	17.0	0	0.0	0	0.0		
Middle	62.6	10	83.3	1,237	83.8		
Upper	20.4	2	16.7	240	16.2		
Total	100.0	12	100.0	1,477	100.0		
Source: 2020 U.S.Census; Bank	Data; Due to rounding, totals	may not equal 100.	0%	1			

Borrower Profile

The distribution of borrowers reflects reasonable penetration among farms and businesses of different sizes and individuals of different income levels. Reasonable small farm, small business and home mortgage lending performance supports this conclusion.

Small Farm Loans

The distribution of borrowers reflects reasonable penetration among farms of different sizes. The bank's lending activity to farms with gross annual revenues of \$1 million or less reasonably compares to the percentage of farms reporting revenue in this category. The following table provides details.

Distribution of Small Farm Loans by Gross Annual Revenue Category							
Gross Revenue Level	% of Farms	#	%	\$(000s)	%		
<=\$1,000,000	96.6	11	78.6	1,527	74.7		
>\$1,000,000	2.2	3	21.4	516	25.3		
Revenue Not Available	1.2	0	0.0	0	0.0		
Total	100.0	14	100.0	2,043	100.0		
Source: 2022 D&B Data, Bank D	ata. Due to rounding, tot	als may not equal	100.0%		1		

Small Business Loans

The distribution of borrowers reflects reasonable penetration among businesses of different sizes. The bank's lending activity was below the percentage of businesses with gross annual revenues of \$1 million or less, but is reasonably comparable. The following provides details.

Distribution of Small Business Loans by Gross Annual Revenue Category							
Gross Revenue Level	% of Businesses	#	%	\$(000s)	%		
<=\$1,000,000	81.8	9	75.0	439	41.4		
>\$1,000,000	5.0	3	25.0	620	58.6		
Revenue Not Available	13.2	0	0.0	0	0.0		
Total	100.0	12	100.0	1,059	100.0		
Source: 2022 D&B Data, Bank D	ata. Due to rounding, total.	s may not equal I	100.0%		•		

Home Mortgage Loans

The distribution of home mortgage loans reflects reasonable penetration among individuals of different income levels, including low- and moderate-income borrowers. The bank's distribution of loans to low- and moderate-income borrowers was below demographic information. However, 8.1 percent of families within the assessment live below the poverty level. This combined with the historically high home prices and the increasing interest rate environment contribute to low- and moderate-income borrowers having a more difficult time qualifying for a home loan or even finding a home in their price range. The following table provides details.

Dis	Distribution of Home Mortgage Loans by Borrower Income Level								
Borrower Income Level	% of Families	#	%	\$(000s)	%				
Low	18.7	1	8.4	40	2.7				
Moderate	19.5	1	8.4	239	16.2				
Middle	23.2	2	16.6	107	7.3				
Upper	38.6	4	33.3	739	50.0				
Not Available	0.0	4	33.3	352	23.8				
Total	100.0	12	100.0	1,477	100.0				
Source: 2020 U.S.Census; Bank D	Source: 2020 U.S.Census; Bank Data; Due to rounding, totals may not equal 100.0%								

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT TEST

Heritage Bank demonstrated adequate responsiveness to the community development needs of the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area. The quantity and responsiveness of community development loans, qualified investments, and services supports this conclusion.

Community Development Loans

Heritage Bank originated 120 community development loans totaling approximately \$4.9 million in the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area. The loans were particularly responsive to the assessment area's affordable housing and economic development needs. The community development lending activities included 107 PPP loans totaling approximately \$1.8 million.

The following table illustrates the community development loans by year and purpose.

Community Development Lending										
Activity Year	Affordable Housing		Community Services		Economic Development		Revitalize or Stabilize		Totals	
	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)
2020 (Partial)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2021	4	2,015	1	320	110	2,376	1	61	116	4,772
2022	3	166	-	-	-	-	1	35	4	201
YTD 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	7	2.181	1	320	110	2,376	2	96	120	4,973
Source: Bank Data										

Below is a notable example of a community development loan in the Grand Island Assessment Area.

• The bank made a \$1 million loan to fund the purchase and renovation of a transitional housing shelter.

Qualified Investments

Heritage Bank made 30 grants and donations totaling approximately \$14,000 in the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area. All of the qualified investments in the assessment area were in the form of donations and grants. The following table illustrates the bank's qualified donations and grants purpose.

Qualified Investments										
	Affordable Housing		Community Services		Economic Development		Revitalize or Stabilize		Totals	
	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)
Qualified Grants & Donations	-	-	24	8	6	6	-	-	30	14
Source: Bank Data										

Community Development Services

Heritage Bank personnel provided 43 instances of financial expertise or technical assistance to community development organizations in the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area. The community development services were responsive to affordable housing, community services, and economic development needs of the assessment area.

The following table illustrates the bank's community development services by year and purpose.

Community Development Services								
Activity Year	Affordable Housing	Community Services	Economic Development	Revitalize or Stabilize	Totals			
·	#	#	#	#	#			
2020 (Partial)	-	-	-	1	1			
2021	3	10	3	-	16			
2022	1	8	-	-	9			
YTD 2023	2	12	3	-	17			
Total	6	30	6	1	43			
Source: Bank Data	•	•	•					

APPENDICES

INTERMEDIATE SMALL BANK PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

Lending Test

The Lending Test evaluates the bank's record of helping to meet the credit needs of its assessment area(s) by considering the following criteria:

- 1) The bank's loan-to-deposit ratio, adjusted for seasonal variation, and, as appropriate, other lending-related activities, such as loan originations for sale to the secondary markets, community development loans, or qualified investments;
- 2) The percentage of loans, and as appropriate, other lending-related activities located in the bank's assessment area(s);
- 3) The geographic distribution of the bank's loans;
- 4) The bank's record of lending to and, as appropriate, engaging in other lending-related activities for borrowers of different income levels and businesses and farms of different sizes; and
- 5) The bank's record of taking action, if warranted, in response to written complaints about its performance in helping to meet credit needs in its assessment area(s).

Community Development Test

The Community Development Test considers the following criteria:

- 1) The number and amount of community development loans;
- 2) The number and amount of qualified investments;
- 3) The extent to which the bank provides community development services; and
- 4) The bank's responsiveness through such activities to community development lending, investment, and service needs.

GLOSSARY

Aggregate Lending: The number of loans originated and purchased by all reporting lenders in specified income categories as a percentage of the aggregate number of loans originated and purchased by all reporting lenders in the metropolitan area/assessment area.

American Community Survey (ACS): A nationwide United States Census survey that produces demographic, social, housing, and economic estimates in the form of five year estimates based on population thresholds.

Area Median Income: The median family income for the MSA, if a person or geography is located in an MSA; or the statewide nonmetropolitan median family income, if a person or geography is located outside an MSA.

Assessment Area: A geographic area delineated by the bank under the requirements of the Community Reinvestment Act.

Census Tract: A small, relatively permanent statistical subdivision of a county or equivalent entity. The primary purpose of census tracts is to provide a stable set of geographic units for the presentation of statistical data. Census tracts generally have a population size between 1,200 and 8,000 people, with an optimum size of 4,000 people. Census tract boundaries generally follow visible and identifiable features, but they may follow nonvisible legal boundaries in some instances. State and county boundaries always are census tract boundaries.

Combined Statistical Area (CSA): A combination of several adjacent metropolitan statistical areas or micropolitan statistical areas or a mix of the two, which are linked by economic ties.

Community Development: For loans, investments, and services to qualify as community development activities, their primary purpose must:

- (1) Support affordable housing for low- and moderate-income individuals;
- (2) Target community services toward low- and moderate-income individuals;
- (3) Promote economic development by financing small businesses or farms; or
- (4) Provide activities that revitalize or stabilize low- and moderate-income geographies, designated disaster areas, or distressed or underserved nonmetropolitan middle-income geographies.

Community Development Corporation (CDC): A CDC allows banks and holding companies to make equity type of investments in community development projects. Institution CDCs can develop innovative debt instruments or provide near-equity investments tailored to the development needs of the community. Institution CDCs are also tailored to their financial and marketing needs. A CDC may purchase, own, rehabilitate, construct, manage, and sell real property. Also, it may make equity or debt investments in development projects and in local businesses. The CDC activities are expected to directly benefit low- and moderate-income groups, and the investment dollars should not represent an undue risk on the banking organization.

Community Development Financial Institutions (CDFIs): CDFIs are private intermediaries (either for profit or nonprofit) with community development as their primary mission. A CDFI facilitates the flow of lending and investment capital into distressed communities and to individuals who have been unable to take advantage of the services offered by traditional financial institutions. Some basic types of CDFIs include community development banks, community development loan funds, community development credit unions, micro enterprise funds, and community development venture capital funds.

A certified CDFI must meet eligibility requirements. These requirements include the following:

- Having a primary mission of promoting community development;
- Serving an investment area or target population;
- Providing development services;
- Maintaining accountability to residents of its investment area or targeted population through representation on its governing board of directors, or by other means;
- Not constituting an agency or instrumentality of the United States, of any state or political subdivision of a state.

Community Development Loan: A loan that:

- (1) Has as its primary purpose community development; and
- (2) Except in the case of a wholesale or limited purpose institution:
 - (i) Has not been reported or collected by the institution or an affiliate for consideration in the institution's assessment area as a home mortgage, small business, small farm, or consumer loan, unless it is a multifamily dwelling loan (as described in Appendix A to Part 203 of this title); and
 - (ii) Benefits the institution's assessment area(s) or a broader statewide or regional area including the institution's assessment area(s).

Community Development Service: A service that:

- (1) Has as its primary purpose community development;
- (2) Is related to the provision of <u>financial</u> services; and
- (3) Has not been considered in the evaluation of the institution's retail banking services under § 345.24(d).

Consumer Loan(s): A loan(s) to one or more individuals for household, family, or other personal expenditures. A consumer loan does not include a home mortgage, small business, or small farm loan. This definition includes the following categories: motor vehicle loans, credit card loans, home equity loans, other secured consumer loans, and other unsecured consumer loans.

Core Based Statistical Area (CBSA): The county or counties or equivalent entities associated with at least one core (urbanized area or urban cluster) of at least 10,000 population, plus adjacent counties having a high degree of social and economic integration with the core as measured through commuting ties with the counties associated with the core. Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Areas are the two categories of CBSAs.

Distressed Middle-Income Nonmetropolitan Geographies: A nonmetropolitan middle-income geography will be designated as distressed if it is in a county that meets one or more of the following triggers:

- (1) An unemployment rate of at least 1.5 times the national average;
- (2) A poverty rate of 20 percent or more; or
- (3) A population loss of 10 percent or more between the previous and most recent decennial census or a net migration loss of 5 percent or more over the 5-year period preceding the most recent census.

Family: Includes a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The number of family households always equals the number of families; however, a family household may also include non-relatives living with the family. Families are classified by type as either a married-couple family or other family. Other family is further classified into "male householder" (a family with a male householder and no wife present) or "female householder" (a family with a female householder and no husband present).

FFIEC-Estimated Income Data: The Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC) issues annual estimates which update median family income from the metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas. The FFIEC uses American Community Survey data and factors in information from other sources to arrive at an annual estimate that more closely reflects current economic conditions.

Full-Scope Review: A full-scope review is accomplished when examiners complete all applicable interagency examination procedures for an assessment area. Performance under applicable tests is analyzed considering performance context, quantitative factors (e.g, geographic distribution, borrower profile, and total number and dollar amount of investments), and qualitative factors (e.g, innovativeness, complexity, and responsiveness).

Geography: A census tract delineated by the United States Bureau of the Census in the most recent decennial census.

Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA): The statute that requires certain mortgage lenders that do business or have banking offices in a metropolitan statistical area to file annual summary reports of their mortgage lending activity. The reports include such data as the race, gender, and the income of applicants; the amount of loan requested; and the disposition of the application (approved, denied, and withdrawn).

Home Mortgage Loans: Includes closed-end mortgage loans or open-end line of credits as defined in the HMDA regulation that are not an excluded transaction per the HMDA regulation.

Housing Unit: Includes a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied as separate living quarters.

Limited-Scope Review: A limited scope review is accomplished when examiners do not complete all applicable interagency examination procedures for an assessment area.

Performance under applicable tests is often analyzed using only quantitative factors (e.g, geographic distribution, borrower profile, total number and dollar amount of investments, and branch distribution).

Low-Income: Individual income that is less than 50 percent of the area median income, or a median family income that is less than 50 percent in the case of a geography.

Low Income Housing Tax Credit: The Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program is a housing program contained within the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. It is administered by the U.S. Department of the Treasury and the Internal Revenue Service. The U.S. Treasury Department distributes low-income housing tax credits to housing credit agencies through the Internal Revenue Service. The housing agencies allocate tax credits on a competitive basis.

Developers who acquire, rehabilitate, or construct low-income rental housing may keep their tax credits. Or, they may sell them to corporations or investor groups, who, as owners of these properties, will be able to reduce their own federal tax payments. The credit can be claimed annually for ten consecutive years. For a project to be eligible, the developer must set aside a specific percentage of units for occupancy by low-income residents. The set-aside requirement remains throughout the compliance period, usually 30 years.

Market Share: The number of loans originated and purchased by the institution as a percentage of the aggregate number of loans originated and purchased by all reporting lenders in the metropolitan area/assessment area.

Median Income: The median income divides the income distribution into two equal parts, one having incomes above the median and other having incomes below the median.

Metropolitan Division (MD): A county or group of counties within a CBSA that contain(s) an urbanized area with a population of at least 2.5 million. A MD is one or more main/secondary counties representing an employment center or centers, plus adjacent counties associated with the main/secondary county or counties through commuting ties.

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA): CBSA associated with at least one urbanized area having a population of at least 50,000. The MSA comprises the central county or counties or equivalent entities containing the core, plus adjacent outlying counties having a high degree of social and economic integration with the central county or counties as measured through commuting.

Middle-Income: Individual income that is at least 80 percent and less than 120 percent of the area median income, or a median family income that is at least 80 and less than 120 percent in the case of a geography.

Moderate-Income: Individual income that is at least 50 percent and less than 80 percent of the area median income, or a median family income that is at least 50 and less than 80 percent in the case of a geography.

Multi-family: Refers to a residential structure that contains five or more units.

Nonmetropolitan Area (also known as **non-MSA**): All areas outside of metropolitan areas. The definition of nonmetropolitan area is not consistent with the definition of rural areas. Urban and rural classifications cut across the other hierarchies. For example, there is generally urban and rural territory within metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

Owner-Occupied Units: Includes units occupied by the owner or co-owner, even if the unit has not been fully paid for or is mortgaged.

Qualified Investment: A lawful investment, deposit, membership share, or grant that has as its primary purpose community development.

Rated Area: A rated area is a state or multistate metropolitan area. For an institution with domestic branches in only one state, the institution's CRA rating would be the state rating. If an institution maintains domestic branches in more than one state, the institution will receive a rating for each state in which those branches are located. If an institution maintains domestic branches in two or more states within a multistate metropolitan area, the institution will receive a rating for the multistate metropolitan area.

Rural Area: Territories, populations, and housing units that are not classified as urban.

Small Business Investment Company (SBIC): SBICs are privately-owned investment companies which are licensed and regulated by the Small Business Administration (SBA). SBICs provide long-term loans and/or venture capital to small firms. Because money for venture or risk investments is difficult for small firms to obtain, SBA provides assistance to SBICs to stimulate and supplement the flow of private equity and long-term loan funds to small companies. Venture capitalists participate in the SBIC program to supplement their own private capital with funds borrowed at favorable rates through SBA's guarantee of SBIC debentures. These SBIC debentures are then sold to private investors. An SBIC's success is linked to the growth and profitability of the companies that it finances. Therefore, some SBICs primarily assist businesses with significant growth potential, such as new firms in innovative industries. SBICs finance small firms by providing straight loans and/or equity-type investments. This kind of financing gives them partial ownership of those businesses and the possibility of sharing in the companies' profits as they grow and prosper.

Small Business Loan: A loan included in "loans to small businesses" as defined in the Consolidated Report of Condition and Income (Call Report). These loans have original amounts of \$1 million or less and are either secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties or are classified as commercial and industrial loans.

Small Farm Loan: A loan included in "loans to small farms" as defined in the instructions for preparation of the Consolidated Report of Condition and Income (Call Report). These loans have original amounts of \$500,000 or less and are either secured by farmland, including farm residential and other improvements, or are classified as loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers.

Underserved Middle-Income Nonmetropolitan Geographies: A nonmetropolitan middle-income geography will be designated as underserved if it meets criteria for population size, density, and dispersion indicating the area's population is sufficiently small, thin, and distant from a population center that the tract is likely to have difficulty financing the fixed costs of meeting essential community needs.

Upper-Income: Individual income that is 120 percent or more of the area median income, or a median family income that is 120 percent or more in the case of a geography.

Urban Area: All territories, populations, and housing units in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more persons outside urbanized areas. More specifically, "urban" consists of territory, persons, and housing units in places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the New England states, New York, and Wisconsin).

"Urban" excludes the rural portions of "extended cities"; census designated place of 2,500 or more persons; and other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, including in urbanized areas.

Small Farm Loans

The distribution of borrowers reflects reasonable penetration among farms of different sizes. The bank's lending activity to farms with gross annual revenues of \$1 million or less is consistent with D&B data. The following table provides details.

Distribution of Small Farm Loans by Gross Annual Revenue Category Assessment Area: Grand Island Metropolitan						
% of Farms	#	%	\$(000s)	%		
95.6	13	92.9	779	75.7		
2.9	1	7.1	250	24.3		
1.5	0	0.0	0	0.0		
100.0	14	100.0	1,029	100.0		
	% of Farms 95.6 2.9 1.5	% of Farms # 95.6 13 2.9 1 1.5 0 100.0 14	% of Farms # % 95.6 13 92.9 2.9 1 7.1 1.5 0 0.0 100.0 14 100.0	% of Farms # % \$(000s) 95.6 13 92.9 779 2.9 1 7.1 250 1.5 0 0.0 0		

Source: 2019 D&B Data; Bank Data Due to rounding, totals may not equal 100.0%

Small Business Loans

The distribution of borrowers reflects excellent penetration among businesses of different sizes. As shown in the following table, the bank's performance of lending to businesses with gross annual revenues of \$1 million or less, by number, significantly exceeds the percentage of businesses in this revenue category according to D&B data. The following table provides details.

Distribution of Small Business Loans by Gross Annual Revenue Category Assessment Area: Grand Island Metropolitan							
% of Businesses	#	%	\$(000s)	%			
77.6	13	92.9	488	70.9			
6.7	1	7.1	200	29.1			
15.7	0	0.0	0	0.0			
100.0	14	100.0	688	100.0			
	% of Businesses 77.6 6.7 15.7	% of Businesses # 77.6 13 6.7 1 15.7 0	% of Businesses # % 77.6 13 92.9 6.7 1 7.1 15.7 0 0.0	% of Businesses # % \$(000s) 77.6 13 92.9 488 6.7 1 7.1 200 15.7 0 0.0 0			

Source: 2019 D&B Data; Bank Data
Due to rounding, totals may not equal 100.0%

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT TEST

Heritage Bank demonstrated adequate responsiveness to the community development needs of the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area through community development loans, qualified investments, and community development services.

Community Development Loans

The bank originated 92 community development loans totaling approximately \$9.4 million in the Grand Island Metropolitan assessment area. The loans were primarily in support of community services targeted to low- and moderate-income individuals, such as a \$6 million loan to permanently finance a prior construction loan used to build a 64-bed nursing home where a majority of the occupants receive Medicaid assistance. Additionally, the bank originated 87 Small Business

Administration PPP loans in support of the economic development needs in the assessment area. The following table illustrates the community development loans by year and purpose.

	Comn	nunity Deve	elopme	nt Lending	in Gra	nd Island N	1etropo	litan			
Activity Year	1	Affordable Housing		Community Services		Economic Development		Revitalize or Stabilize		Totals	
	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	
2018	0	0	1	6,000	0	0	0	0	1	6,000	
2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	43	4	43	
YTD 2020	0	0	0	0	87	3,311	0	0	87	3,311	
Total	0	0	1	6,000	87	3,311	4	43	92	9,354	
Source: Bank Data	•									•	

Qualified Investments

The bank made 41 qualified investments totaling \$427 thousand in the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area, including 40 donations, totaling \$12 thousand. The only non-donation community development investment noted for this evaluation was to a school district serving low-and moderate-income individuals, totaling \$415 thousand. This investment was made prior to the evaluation, but still outstanding as of the start of the evaluation. The following table illustrates the bank's qualified investments by year and purpose.

		Qualified l	nvestn	ents in Gra	and Isla	and Metrop	olitan				
Activity Year				Community Services		Economic Development		Revitalize or Stabilize		Totals	
	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	#	\$(000s)	
Prior Period	0	0	1	415	0	0	0	0	1	415	
Subtotal	0	0	1	415	0	0	0	0	1	415	
Qualified Grants & Donations	0	0	22	5	18	7	0	0	40	12	
Total	0	0	23	420	18	7	0	0	41	427	
Source: Bank Data	•			•				•			

Community Development Services

Bank personnel provided 59 instances of financial expertise or technical assistance to community development organizations in the Grand Island Metropolitan Assessment Area. The majority of these were community services to provide support for economic development activities and community services that benefit low- and moderate-income individuals. The following table illustrates the bank's community development services by year and purpose.

Activity Year	Affordable Housing	Community Services	Economic Development	Revitalize or Stabilize	Totals	
	#	#	#	#	#	
2017	2	1	3	0	6	
2018	3	7	9	0	19	
2019	1	4	9	8	22	
YTD 2020	2	2	8	0	12	
Total	8	14	29	8	59	

The table above denotes the bank's activities by instance of the organization that benefited from the service. However, the table does not capture the extensive hours bank staff dedicated to vital community development needs such as flood relief assistance programs, affordable housing grant writing efforts for low- and moderate-income borrowers, and childcare services for low- and moderate-income families. Examiners noted bank staff dedicated time in excess of 4,000 hours to address these needs. Noteworthy examples of some of these services are provided below.

- A bank employee dedicated more than 1,200 hours in support of the development of a non-profit childcare facility for low- and moderate-income persons. The employee's expertise in financial planning, budgeting, and grant writing provided essential support to the program.
- Employees dedicated countless hours to support flood relief programs through financial counseling services and emergency funds distribution planning when disastrous flooding overtook the area in early 2019.
- Two bank employees served as co-chairs for a fund raising campaign that raised more than \$600 thousand for the infrastructure to support a Habitat for Humanity project that built six new homes for low- and moderate-income families.

APPENDICES

INTERMEDIATE SMALL BANK PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

Lending Test

The Lending Test evaluates the bank's record of helping to meet the credit needs of its assessment area(s) by considering the following criteria:

- 1) The bank's loan-to-deposit ratio, adjusted for seasonal variation, and, as appropriate, other lending-related activities, such as loan originations for sale to the secondary markets, community development loans, or qualified investments;
- 2) The percentage of loans, and as appropriate, other lending-related activities located in the bank's assessment area(s);
- 3) The geographic distribution of the bank's loans;
- 4) The bank's record of lending to and, as appropriate, engaging in other lending-related activities for borrowers of different income levels and businesses and farms of different sizes; and
- 5) The bank's record of taking action, if warranted, in response to written complaints about its performance in helping to meet credit needs in its assessment area(s).

Community Development Test

The Community Development Test considers the following criteria:

- 1) The number and amount of community development loans;
- 2) The number and amount of qualified investments;
- 3) The extent to which the bank provides community development services; and
- 4) The bank's responsiveness through such activities to the area's community development needs considering the amount and combination of these activities, along with their qualitative aspects.

GLOSSARY

Aggregate Lending: The number of loans originated and purchased by all reporting lenders in specified income categories as a percentage of the aggregate number of loans originated and purchased by all reporting lenders in the metropolitan area/assessment area.

American Community Survey (ACS): A nationwide United States Census survey that produces demographic, social, housing, and economic estimates in the form of five year estimates based on population thresholds.

Area Median Income: The median family income for the MSA, if a person or geography is located in an MSA; or the statewide nonmetropolitan median family income, if a person or geography is located outside an MSA.

Assessment Area: A geographic area delineated by the bank under the requirements of the Community Reinvestment Act.

Census Tract: A small, relatively permanent statistical subdivision of a county or equivalent entity. The primary purpose of census tracts is to provide a stable set of geographic units for the presentation of statistical data. Census tracts generally have a population size between 1,200 and 8,000 people, with an optimum size of 4,000 people. Census tract boundaries generally follow visible and identifiable features, but they may follow nonvisible legal boundaries in some instances. State and county boundaries always are census tract boundaries.

Combined Statistical Area (CSA): A combination of several adjacent metropolitan statistical areas or micropolitan statistical areas or a mix of the two, which are linked by economic ties.

Community Development: For loans, investments, and services to qualify as community development activities, their primary purpose must:

- (1) Support affordable housing for low- and moderate-income individuals;
- (2) Target community services toward low- and moderate-income individuals;
- (3) Promote economic development by financing small businesses or farms; or
- (4) Provide activities that revitalize or stabilize low- and moderate-income geographies, designated disaster areas, or distressed or underserved nonmetropolitan middle-income geographies.

Community Development Corporation (CDC): A CDC allows banks and holding companies to make equity type of investments in community development projects. Institution CDCs can develop innovative debt instruments or provide near-equity investments tailored to the development needs of the community. Institution CDCs are also tailored to their financial and marketing needs. A CDC may purchase, own, rehabilitate, construct, manage, and sell real property. Also, it may make equity or debt investments in development projects and in local businesses. The CDC activities are expected to directly benefit low- and moderate-income groups, and the investment dollars should not represent an undue risk on the banking organization.

Community Development Financial Institutions (CDFIs): CDFIs are private intermediaries (either for profit or nonprofit) with community development as their primary mission. A CDFI facilitates the flow of lending and investment capital into distressed communities and to individuals who have been unable to take advantage of the services offered by traditional financial institutions. Some basic types of CDFIs include community development banks, community development loan funds, community development credit unions, micro enterprise funds, and community development venture capital funds.

A certified CDFI must meet eligibility requirements. These requirements include the following:

- Having a primary mission of promoting community development;
- Serving an investment area or target population;
- Providing development services;
- Maintaining accountability to residents of its investment area or targeted population through representation on its governing board of directors, or by other means;
- Not constituting an agency or instrumentality of the United States, of any state or political subdivision of a state.

Community Development Loan: A loan that:

- (1) Has as its primary purpose community development; and
- (2) Except in the case of a wholesale or limited purpose institution:
 - (i) Has not been reported or collected by the institution or an affiliate for consideration in the institution's assessment area as a home mortgage, small business, small farm, or consumer loan, unless it is a multifamily dwelling loan (as described in Appendix A to Part 203 of this title); and
 - (ii) Benefits the institution's assessment area(s) or a broader statewide or regional area including the institution's assessment area(s).

Community Development Service: A service that:

- (1) Has as its primary purpose community development;
- (2) Is related to the provision of financial services; and
- (3) Has not been considered in the evaluation of the institution's retail banking services under § 345.24(d).

Consumer Loan(s): A loan(s) to one or more individuals for household, family, or other personal expenditures. A consumer loan does not include a home mortgage, small business, or small farm loan. This definition includes the following categories: motor vehicle loans, credit card loans, home equity loans, other secured consumer loans, and other unsecured consumer loans.

Core Based Statistical Area (CBSA): The county or counties or equivalent entities associated with at least one core (urbanized area or urban cluster) of at least 10,000 population, plus adjacent counties having a high degree of social and economic integration with the core as measured through commuting ties with the counties associated with the core. Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Areas are the two categories of CBSAs.

Distressed Middle-Income Nonmetropolitan Geographies: A nonmetropolitan middle-income geography will be designated as distressed if it is in a county that meets one or more of the following triggers:

- (1) An unemployment rate of at least 1.5 times the national average;
- (2) A poverty rate of 20 percent or more; or
- (3) A population loss of 10 percent or more between the previous and most recent decennial census or a net migration loss of 5 percent or more over the 5-year period preceding the most recent census.

Family: Includes a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The number of family households always equals the number of families; however, a family household may also include non-relatives living with the family. Families are classified by type as either a married-couple family or other family. Other family is further classified into "male householder" (a family with a male householder and no wife present) or "female householder" (a family with a female householder and no husband present).

FFIEC-Estimated Income Data: The Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC) issues annual estimates which update median family income from the metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas. The FFIEC uses American Community Survey data and factors in information from other sources to arrive at an annual estimate that more closely reflects current economic conditions.

Full-Scope Review: A full-scope review is accomplished when examiners complete all applicable interagency examination procedures for an assessment area. Performance under applicable tests is analyzed considering performance context, quantitative factors (e.g, geographic distribution, borrower profile, and total number and dollar amount of investments), and qualitative factors (e.g, innovativeness, complexity, and responsiveness).

Geography: A census tract delineated by the United States Bureau of the Census in the most recent decennial census.

Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA): The statute that requires certain mortgage lenders that do business or have banking offices in a metropolitan statistical area to file annual summary reports of their mortgage lending activity. The reports include such data as the race, gender, and the income of applicants; the amount of loan requested; and the disposition of the application (approved, denied, and withdrawn).

Home Mortgage Loans: Includes closed-end mortgage loans or open-end line of credits as defined in the HMDA regulation that are not an excluded transaction per the HMDA regulation.

Housing Unit: Includes a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied as separate living quarters.

Limited-Scope Review: A limited scope review is accomplished when examiners do not complete all applicable interagency examination procedures for an assessment area.

Performance under applicable tests is often analyzed using only quantitative factors (e.g, geographic distribution, borrower profile, total number and dollar amount of investments, and branch distribution).

Low-Income: Individual income that is less than 50 percent of the area median income, or a median family income that is less than 50 percent in the case of a geography.

Low Income Housing Tax Credit: The Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program is a housing program contained within the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. It is administered by the U.S. Department of the Treasury and the Internal Revenue Service. The U.S. Treasury Department distributes low-income housing tax credits to housing credit agencies through the Internal Revenue Service. The housing agencies allocate tax credits on a competitive basis.

Developers who acquire, rehabilitate, or construct low-income rental housing may keep their tax credits. Or, they may sell them to corporations or investor groups, who, as owners of these properties, will be able to reduce their own federal tax payments. The credit can be claimed annually for ten consecutive years. For a project to be eligible, the developer must set aside a specific percentage of units for occupancy by low-income residents. The set-aside requirement remains throughout the compliance period, usually 30 years.

Market Share: The number of loans originated and purchased by the institution as a percentage of the aggregate number of loans originated and purchased by all reporting lenders in the metropolitan area/assessment area.

Median Income: The median income divides the income distribution into two equal parts, one having incomes above the median and other having incomes below the median.

Metropolitan Division (MD): A county or group of counties within a CBSA that contain(s) an urbanized area with a population of at least 2.5 million. A MD is one or more main/secondary counties representing an employment center or centers, plus adjacent counties associated with the main/secondary county or counties through commuting ties.

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA): CBSA associated with at least one urbanized area having a population of at least 50,000. The MSA comprises the central county or counties or equivalent entities containing the core, plus adjacent outlying counties having a high degree of social and economic integration with the central county or counties as measured through commuting.

Middle-Income: Individual income that is at least 80 percent and less than 120 percent of the area median income, or a median family income that is at least 80 and less than 120 percent in the case of a geography.

Moderate-Income: Individual income that is at least 50 percent and less than 80 percent of the area median income, or a median family income that is at least 50 and less than 80 percent in the case of a geography.

Multi-family: Refers to a residential structure that contains five or more units.

Nonmetropolitan Area (also known as **non-MSA**): All areas outside of metropolitan areas. The definition of nonmetropolitan area is not consistent with the definition of rural areas. Urban and rural classifications cut across the other hierarchies. For example, there is generally urban and rural territory within metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

Owner-Occupied Units: Includes units occupied by the owner or co-owner, even if the unit has not been fully paid for or is mortgaged.

Qualified Investment: A lawful investment, deposit, membership share, or grant that has as its primary purpose community development.

Rated Area: A rated area is a state or multistate metropolitan area. For an institution with domestic branches in only one state, the institution's CRA rating would be the state rating. If an institution maintains domestic branches in more than one state, the institution will receive a rating for each state in which those branches are located. If an institution maintains domestic branches in two or more states within a multistate metropolitan area, the institution will receive a rating for the multistate metropolitan area.

Rural Area: Territories, populations, and housing units that are not classified as urban.

Small Business Investment Company (SBIC): SBICs are privately-owned investment companies which are licensed and regulated by the Small Business Administration (SBA). SBICs provide long-term loans and/or venture capital to small firms. Because money for venture or risk investments is difficult for small firms to obtain, SBA provides assistance to SBICs to stimulate and supplement the flow of private equity and long-term loan funds to small companies. Venture capitalists participate in the SBIC program to supplement their own private capital with funds borrowed at favorable rates through SBA's guarantee of SBIC debentures. These SBIC debentures are then sold to private investors. An SBIC's success is linked to the growth and profitability of the companies that it finances. Therefore, some SBICs primarily assist businesses with significant growth potential, such as new firms in innovative industries. SBICs finance small firms by providing straight loans and/or equity-type investments. This kind of financing gives them partial ownership of those businesses and the possibility of sharing in the companies' profits as they grow and prosper.

Small Business Loan: A loan included in "loans to small businesses" as defined in the Consolidated Report of Condition and Income (Call Report). These loans have original amounts of \$1 million or less and are either secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties or are classified as commercial and industrial loans.

Small Farm Loan: A loan included in "loans to small farms" as defined in the instructions for preparation of the Consolidated Report of Condition and Income (Call Report). These loans have original amounts of \$500,000 or less and are either secured by farmland, including farm residential and other improvements, or are classified as loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers.

Underserved Middle-Income Nonmetropolitan Geographies: A nonmetropolitan middle-income geography will be designated as underserved if it meets criteria for population size, density, and dispersion indicating the area's population is sufficiently small, thin, and distant from a population center that the tract is likely to have difficulty financing the fixed costs of meeting essential community needs.

Upper-Income: Individual income that is 120 percent or more of the area median income, or a median family income that is 120 percent or more in the case of a geography.

Urban Area: All territories, populations, and housing units in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more persons outside urbanized areas. More specifically, "urban" consists of territory, persons, and housing units in places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the New England states, New York, and Wisconsin).

"Urban" excludes the rural portions of "extended cities"; census designated place of 2,500 or more persons; and other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, including in urbanized areas.